

(*m*-Phenylenedimethylene)diammonium dichloride

Hua Cheng* and Huisheng Li

Department of Chemistry and Biology, Xiangfan University, Xiangfan 441053, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: chenghua510@yahoo.com.cn

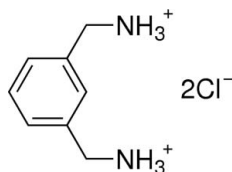
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.043; wR factor = 0.118; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.1.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, $\text{C}_8\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2^{2+} \cdot 2\text{Cl}^-$, contains one and a half of the dications and three chloride anions. The half molecule is completed by crystallographic twofold symmetry with two C atoms lying on the rotation axis. The two ammonium groups in each cation adopt a *trans* conformation with respect to the benzene ring. The ammonium groups and chloride anions are involved in the formation of a three-dimensional N—H...Cl hydrogen-bonding network, which stabilizes the crystal packing.

Related literature

For general background and applications, see: Pasini & Zunino (1987); Otsuka *et al.* (1990); Michalson & Smuszkovicz (1989); Reedijk (1996); Blaser (1992); Soai & Niwa (1992); Jacobsen (1993); Kolb *et al.* (1994).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2^{2+} \cdot 2\text{Cl}^-$

$M_r = 209.11$

Monoclinic, $C2/c$

$a = 27.5859$ (18) Å

$b = 13.1594$ (14) Å

$c = 8.8324$ (6) Å

$\beta = 103.539$ (1)°

$V = 3117.2$ (4) Å³

$Z = 12$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.58$ mm⁻¹

$T = 298$ (2) K

$0.20 \times 0.10 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1997)

$T_{\min} = 0.893$, $T_{\max} = 0.945$

14623 measured reflections

3066 independent reflections

2615 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.103$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$

$wR(F^2) = 0.118$

$S = 1.06$

3066 reflections

191 parameters

9 restraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.36$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.31$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
$\text{N3}-\text{H3B} \cdots \text{Cl1}$	0.878 (16)	2.338 (16)	3.206 (2)	170 (2)
$\text{N2}-\text{H2C} \cdots \text{Cl3}$	0.927 (16)	2.360 (17)	3.2453 (19)	160 (2)
$\text{N1}-\text{H1B} \cdots \text{Cl2}$	0.869 (15)	2.276 (17)	3.1186 (18)	163 (2)
$\text{N3}-\text{H3C} \cdots \text{Cl2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.880 (17)	2.343 (19)	3.171 (2)	157 (2)
$\text{N2}-\text{H2B} \cdots \text{Cl1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.860 (16)	2.58 (2)	3.189 (2)	129.0 (19)
$\text{N1}-\text{H1C} \cdots \text{Cl3}^{\text{iii}}$	0.884 (15)	2.341 (17)	3.2071 (18)	166 (2)
$\text{N2}-\text{H2A} \cdots \text{Cl2}^{\text{iv}}$	0.842 (16)	2.442 (18)	3.201 (2)	150 (2)
$\text{N1}-\text{H1A} \cdots \text{Cl3}^{\text{iv}}$	0.858 (16)	2.506 (18)	3.2527 (17)	146.0 (19)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$; (ii) $x, -y + 1, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iv) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2001); cell refinement: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 1999); data reduction: *SAINTE*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV2456).

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supplementary materials

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(*m*-Phenylenedimethylene)diammonium dichloride

H. Cheng and H. Li

Comment

The diamine compounds are important in biologically active natural products (Pasini & Zunino, 1987; Otsuka *et al.*, 1990), in medicinal chemistry (Michalson & Smuszkovicz, 1989; Reedijk, 1996). They are also used as chiral auxiliaries and chiral ligands in asymmetric catalysis (Blaser, 1992; Soai & Niwa, 1992; Jacobsen, 1993; Kolb *et al.*, 1994). Herewith we present the title diamine compound, (I).

In (I) (Fig. 1), all bond lengths and angles are normal. Two amino groups in the dication adopt trans-conformation and each amino group form three N—H···Cl hydrogen bonds (Table 1) to stabilize the crystal packing.

Experimental

1,3-Phenylenedimethanamine was dissolved in ethanol, then 1N HCl was dropped to the solution. Colourless, block-like crystals of (I) suitable for X-ray data collection were obtained by slow evaporation of ethanol at 283 K.

Refinement

All H atoms were initially located in a difference Fourier map. C-bound H atoms were placed in idealized positions (C—H = 0.93–0.97 Å) and refined as riding, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. Amino H atoms were refined with bond restraint of N—H = 0.88 (3) Å and constrained displacement parameter $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{N})$.

Figures

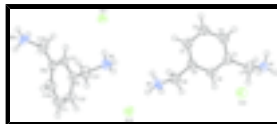


Fig. 1. View of (I) showing the atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. H atoms are represented by spheres of arbitrary radius.

(*m*-Phenylenedimethylene)diammonium dichloride

Crystal data

$\text{C}_8\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2^{2+} \cdot 2\text{Cl}^-$

$M_r = 209.11$

Monoclinic, $C2/c$

Hall symbol: $-c/2yc$

$a = 27.5859$ (18) Å

$b = 13.1594$ (14) Å

$F_{000} = 1320$

$D_x = 1.337$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 6157 reflections

$\theta = 2.8$ – 27.8°

$\mu = 0.58$ mm⁻¹

supplementary materials

$c = 8.8324 (6) \text{ \AA}$
 $\beta = 103.539 (1)^\circ$
 $V = 3117.2 (4) \text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 12$

$T = 298 (2) \text{ K}$
Block, colourless
 $0.20 \times 0.10 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer	3066 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2615 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.103$
$T = 298(2) \text{ K}$	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.0^\circ$
φ and ω scans	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.5^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1997)	$h = -33 \rightarrow 33$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.894, T_{\text{max}} = 0.945$	$k = -14 \rightarrow 16$
14623 measured reflections	$l = -10 \rightarrow 10$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.118$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0717P)^2]$
$S = 1.06$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
3066 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
191 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.36 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
9 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.31 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: none

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.27771 (7)	0.50258 (14)	-0.0022 (2)	0.0355 (4)
C2	0.26673 (7)	0.60114 (16)	0.0327 (2)	0.0414 (5)
H2	0.2856	0.6547	0.0089	0.050*
C3	0.22778 (7)	0.62046 (16)	0.1031 (2)	0.0438 (5)
H3	0.2206	0.6870	0.1261	0.053*
C4	0.19964 (7)	0.54155 (16)	0.1392 (2)	0.0398 (5)
H4	0.1735	0.5549	0.1865	0.048*
C5	0.21012 (6)	0.44213 (14)	0.1052 (2)	0.0341 (4)
C6	0.24907 (7)	0.42332 (14)	0.0342 (2)	0.0355 (4)
H6	0.2561	0.3569	0.0106	0.043*
C7	0.31958 (8)	0.48207 (17)	-0.0814 (2)	0.0447 (5)
H7A	0.3118	0.4215	-0.1450	0.054*
H7B	0.3220	0.5384	-0.1500	0.054*
C8	0.18156 (7)	0.35486 (16)	0.1535 (3)	0.0458 (5)
H8A	0.1995	0.2922	0.1469	0.055*
H8B	0.1802	0.3642	0.2613	0.055*
C9	0.00722 (7)	0.23186 (15)	0.6209 (2)	0.0349 (4)
C10	0.00730 (8)	0.12695 (16)	0.6221 (3)	0.0466 (5)
H10	0.0123	0.0915	0.5360	0.056*
C11	0.0000	0.0741 (2)	0.7500	0.0553 (8)
H11	0.0000	0.0034	0.7500	0.066*
C12	0.0000	0.2839 (2)	0.7500	0.0349 (6)
H12	0.0000	0.3546	0.7500	0.042*
C13	0.01564 (8)	0.28914 (19)	0.4806 (3)	0.0483 (5)
H13A	0.0100	0.2439	0.3915	0.058*
H13B	-0.0081	0.3446	0.4561	0.058*
Cl1	0.08043 (2)	0.50782 (4)	0.76455 (6)	0.04504 (18)
Cl2	0.35181 (2)	0.28315 (4)	0.23278 (6)	0.04852 (19)
Cl3	0.094656 (19)	0.15614 (4)	0.24153 (6)	0.04295 (18)
N1	0.36851 (6)	0.46791 (14)	0.0298 (2)	0.0375 (4)
H1C	0.3787 (8)	0.5257 (13)	0.078 (3)	0.045*
H1A	0.3894 (7)	0.4518 (17)	-0.025 (2)	0.045*
H1B	0.3683 (8)	0.4230 (15)	0.102 (2)	0.045*
N2	0.13028 (7)	0.34496 (14)	0.0574 (2)	0.0433 (4)
H2A	0.1269 (9)	0.3278 (17)	-0.036 (2)	0.052*
H2B	0.1123 (8)	0.3989 (15)	0.050 (3)	0.052*
H2C	0.1129 (8)	0.2921 (15)	0.090 (3)	0.052*
N3	0.06651 (7)	0.32989 (15)	0.5100 (2)	0.0433 (4)
H3C	0.0906 (7)	0.2890 (16)	0.557 (3)	0.052*
H3A	0.0729 (8)	0.3619 (17)	0.430 (2)	0.052*
H3B	0.0690 (8)	0.3733 (16)	0.587 (2)	0.052*

supplementary materials

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0337 (10)	0.0412 (11)	0.0320 (10)	0.0014 (8)	0.0086 (8)	0.0026 (8)
C2	0.0419 (11)	0.0340 (11)	0.0477 (11)	-0.0020 (9)	0.0093 (9)	0.0080 (9)
C3	0.0437 (11)	0.0300 (11)	0.0564 (13)	0.0065 (9)	0.0093 (10)	0.0010 (9)
C4	0.0348 (10)	0.0394 (11)	0.0465 (11)	0.0074 (8)	0.0121 (9)	0.0002 (9)
C5	0.0312 (9)	0.0350 (11)	0.0351 (10)	-0.0009 (8)	0.0060 (8)	0.0031 (8)
C6	0.0383 (10)	0.0304 (10)	0.0373 (10)	0.0049 (8)	0.0080 (8)	-0.0016 (8)
C7	0.0441 (12)	0.0572 (14)	0.0357 (11)	0.0029 (10)	0.0155 (10)	0.0038 (9)
C8	0.0410 (11)	0.0424 (12)	0.0537 (13)	-0.0015 (9)	0.0106 (10)	0.0110 (10)
C9	0.0297 (9)	0.0420 (12)	0.0345 (10)	-0.0004 (8)	0.0103 (8)	0.0021 (8)
C10	0.0534 (12)	0.0404 (13)	0.0487 (13)	0.0014 (10)	0.0174 (10)	-0.0118 (10)
C11	0.070 (2)	0.0306 (16)	0.067 (2)	0.000	0.0181 (18)	0.000
C12	0.0321 (13)	0.0293 (14)	0.0460 (16)	0.000	0.0148 (12)	0.000
C13	0.0415 (11)	0.0678 (16)	0.0373 (11)	-0.0028 (10)	0.0126 (9)	0.0077 (10)
Cl1	0.0547 (3)	0.0370 (3)	0.0492 (3)	-0.0046 (2)	0.0237 (3)	-0.0082 (2)
Cl2	0.0507 (3)	0.0449 (3)	0.0514 (3)	0.0066 (2)	0.0148 (3)	0.0119 (2)
Cl3	0.0483 (3)	0.0368 (3)	0.0480 (3)	0.0090 (2)	0.0199 (3)	0.0070 (2)
N1	0.0371 (9)	0.0345 (9)	0.0450 (10)	-0.0037 (7)	0.0179 (8)	-0.0048 (7)
N2	0.0414 (10)	0.0364 (10)	0.0530 (11)	-0.0058 (8)	0.0132 (9)	0.0012 (8)
N3	0.0455 (10)	0.0417 (11)	0.0438 (11)	-0.0037 (8)	0.0130 (9)	0.0101 (8)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C1—C2	1.383 (3)	C9—C13	1.514 (3)
C1—C6	1.391 (3)	C10—C11	1.381 (3)
C1—C7	1.508 (3)	C10—H10	0.9300
C2—C3	1.385 (3)	C11—C10 ⁱ	1.381 (3)
C2—H2	0.9300	C11—H11	0.9300
C3—C4	1.378 (3)	C12—C9 ⁱ	1.384 (2)
C3—H3	0.9300	C12—H12	0.9300
C4—C5	1.388 (3)	C13—N3	1.468 (3)
C4—H4	0.9300	C13—H13A	0.9700
C5—C6	1.387 (2)	C13—H13B	0.9700
C5—C8	1.510 (3)	N1—H1C	0.884 (15)
C6—H6	0.9300	N1—H1A	0.858 (16)
C7—N1	1.483 (3)	N1—H1B	0.869 (15)
C7—H7A	0.9700	N2—H2A	0.842 (16)
C7—H7B	0.9700	N2—H2B	0.860 (16)
C8—N2	1.475 (3)	N2—H2C	0.927 (16)
C8—H8A	0.9700	N3—H3C	0.880 (17)
C8—H8B	0.9700	N3—H3A	0.877 (16)
C9—C10	1.381 (3)	N3—H3B	0.878 (16)
C9—C12	1.384 (2)		
C2—C1—C6	119.05 (17)	C9—C10—C11	120.7 (2)
C2—C1—C7	120.19 (17)	C9—C10—H10	119.7

C6—C1—C7	120.75 (17)	C11—C10—H10	119.7
C1—C2—C3	120.39 (18)	C10—C11—C10 ⁱ	119.5 (3)
C1—C2—H2	119.8	C10—C11—H11	120.2
C3—C2—H2	119.8	C10 ⁱ —C11—H11	120.2
C4—C3—C2	120.25 (19)	C9—C12—C9 ⁱ	120.6 (3)
C4—C3—H3	119.9	C9—C12—H12	119.7
C2—C3—H3	119.9	C9 ⁱ —C12—H12	119.7
C3—C4—C5	120.21 (17)	N3—C13—C9	111.14 (18)
C3—C4—H4	119.9	N3—C13—H13A	109.4
C5—C4—H4	119.9	C9—C13—H13A	109.4
C6—C5—C4	119.26 (17)	N3—C13—H13B	109.4
C6—C5—C8	120.17 (17)	C9—C13—H13B	109.4
C4—C5—C8	120.46 (17)	H13A—C13—H13B	108.0
C5—C6—C1	120.85 (17)	C7—N1—H1C	110.3 (15)
C5—C6—H6	119.6	C7—N1—H1A	106.6 (15)
C1—C6—H6	119.6	H1C—N1—H1A	108 (2)
N1—C7—C1	113.13 (16)	C7—N1—H1B	114.1 (14)
N1—C7—H7A	109.0	H1C—N1—H1B	107 (2)
C1—C7—H7A	109.0	H1A—N1—H1B	111 (2)
N1—C7—H7B	109.0	C8—N2—H2A	117.4 (18)
C1—C7—H7B	109.0	C8—N2—H2B	115.4 (16)
H7A—C7—H7B	107.8	H2A—N2—H2B	103 (2)
N2—C8—C5	113.48 (17)	C8—N2—H2C	112.6 (15)
N2—C8—H8A	108.9	H2A—N2—H2C	99 (2)
C5—C8—H8A	108.9	H2B—N2—H2C	108 (2)
N2—C8—H8B	108.9	C13—N3—H3C	116.4 (16)
C5—C8—H8B	108.9	C13—N3—H3A	113.4 (16)
H8A—C8—H8B	107.7	H3C—N3—H3A	114 (2)
C10—C9—C12	119.27 (18)	C13—N3—H3B	105.8 (15)
C10—C9—C13	120.27 (18)	H3C—N3—H3B	97 (2)
C12—C9—C13	120.5 (2)	H3A—N3—H3B	109 (2)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.0 (3)	C6—C1—C7—N1	-92.2 (2)
C7—C1—C2—C3	178.93 (19)	C6—C5—C8—N2	-109.5 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.1 (3)	C4—C5—C8—N2	74.2 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.0 (3)	C12—C9—C10—C11	0.4 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.2 (3)	C13—C9—C10—C11	179.56 (17)
C3—C4—C5—C8	176.14 (19)	C9—C10—C11—C10 ⁱ	-0.18 (13)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.4 (3)	C10—C9—C12—C9 ⁱ	-0.18 (13)
C8—C5—C6—C1	-175.99 (18)	C13—C9—C12—C9 ⁱ	-179.4 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.3 (3)	C10—C9—C13—N3	-103.1 (2)
C7—C1—C6—C5	-179.17 (18)	C12—C9—C13—N3	76.1 (2)
C2—C1—C7—N1	88.9 (2)		

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, y, -z+3/2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ($\text{\AA}, ^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
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supplementary materials

N3—H3B···C11	0.878 (16)	2.338 (16)	3.206 (2)	170 (2)
N2—H2C···C13	0.927 (16)	2.360 (17)	3.2453 (19)	160 (2)
N1—H1B···C12	0.869 (15)	2.276 (17)	3.1186 (18)	163 (2)
N3—H3C···C12 ⁱⁱ	0.880 (17)	2.343 (19)	3.171 (2)	157 (2)
N2—H2B···C11 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.860 (16)	2.58 (2)	3.189 (2)	129.0 (19)
N1—H1C···C13 ^{iv}	0.884 (15)	2.341 (17)	3.2071 (18)	166 (2)
N2—H2A···C12 ^v	0.842 (16)	2.442 (18)	3.201 (2)	150 (2)
N1—H1A···C13 ^v	0.858 (16)	2.506 (18)	3.2527 (17)	146.0 (19)

Symmetry codes: (ii) $-x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z+1$; (iii) $x, -y+1, z-1/2$; (iv) $-x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; (v) $-x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z$.

Fig. 1

